



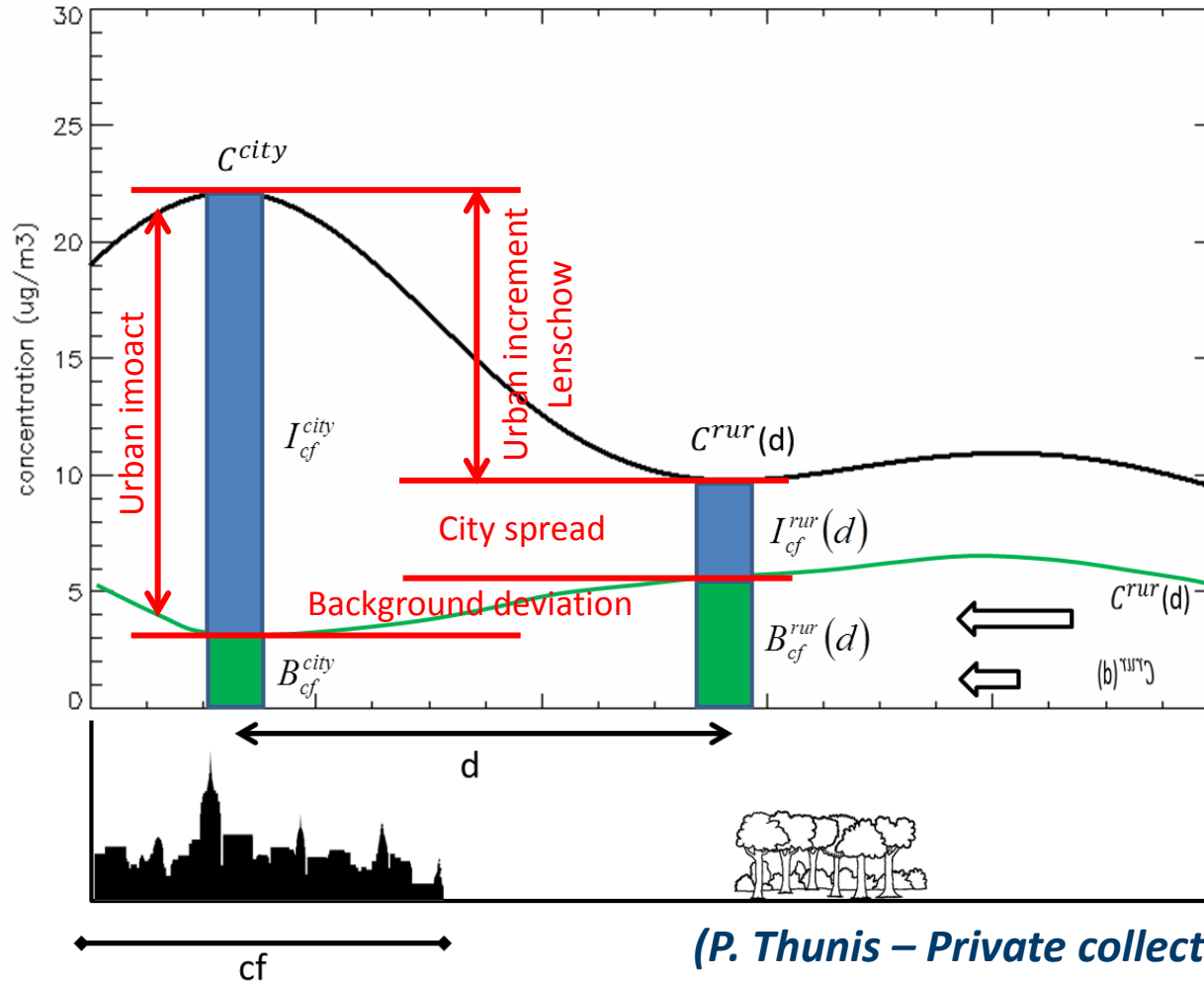
Spatial source apportionment

Is there any methodology available?



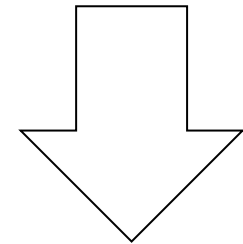
Spatial source apportionment

Incremental approach



$$C^{city} = B_{cf}^{city} + I_{cf}^{city}$$

$$C^{rur}(d) = B_{cf}^{rur}(d) + I_{cf}^{rur}(d)$$



$$\begin{aligned} I_{cf}^{city} &= [C^{city} - C^{rur}(d)] \\ &+ I_{cf}^{rur}(d) \\ &+ [B_{cf}^{rur}(d) - B_{cf}^{city}] \end{aligned}$$

(P. Thunis – Private collection)

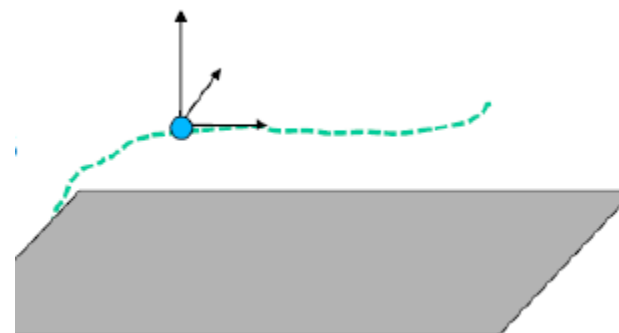


Spatial source apportionment using Receptor Models coupled with Lagrangian models

ANALYSIS OF SOURCE BACKWARD TRAJECTORIES

Danube area: Geographic origin of pollutants
using FLEXPART

STERGIOS VRATOLIS
CHEMICAL ENGINEER

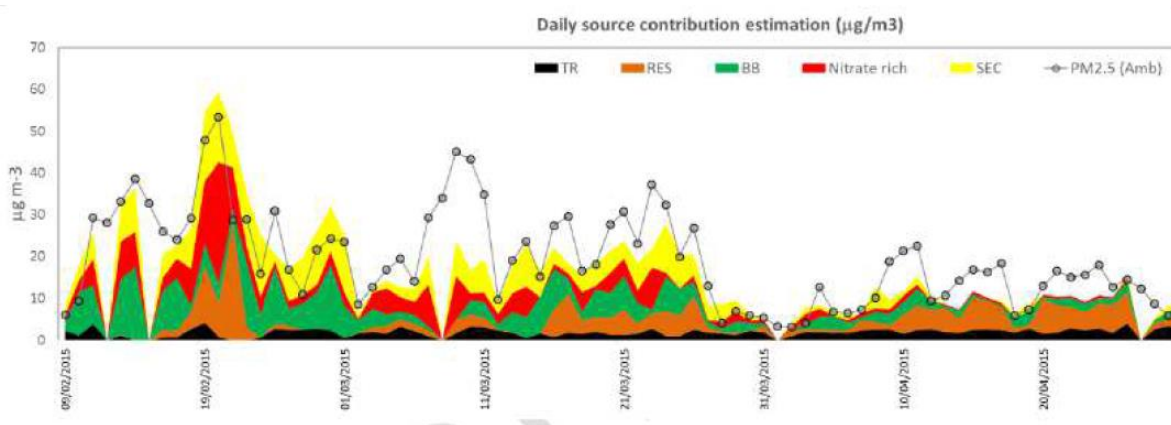


$$\frac{\partial c_i}{\partial t} + \left[u_x \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial z} \right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(K_{xx} \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(K_{yy} \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(K_{zz} \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial z} \right) + R_i(c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n) + E_i(x, y, z, t) - S_i(x, y, z, t)$$

Divergence of the advected flux
 Divergence of the turbulent fluxes
 Chemical reactions
 Emissions
 Sinks

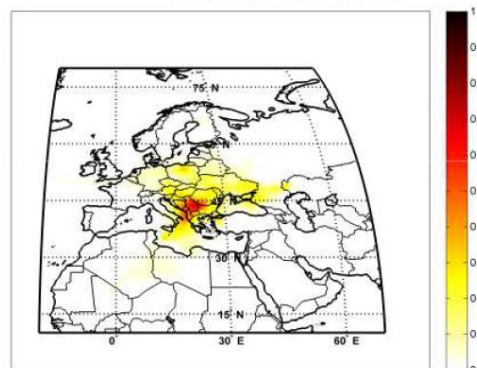


1st Receptor Model



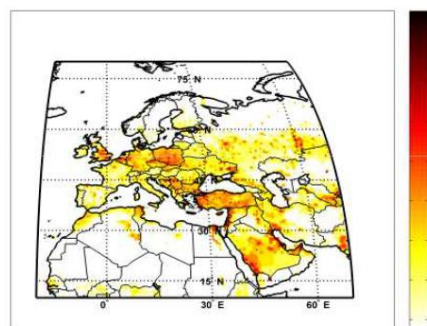
3rd Potential Source Contribution Function (PSCF)

Budapest-PM2.5



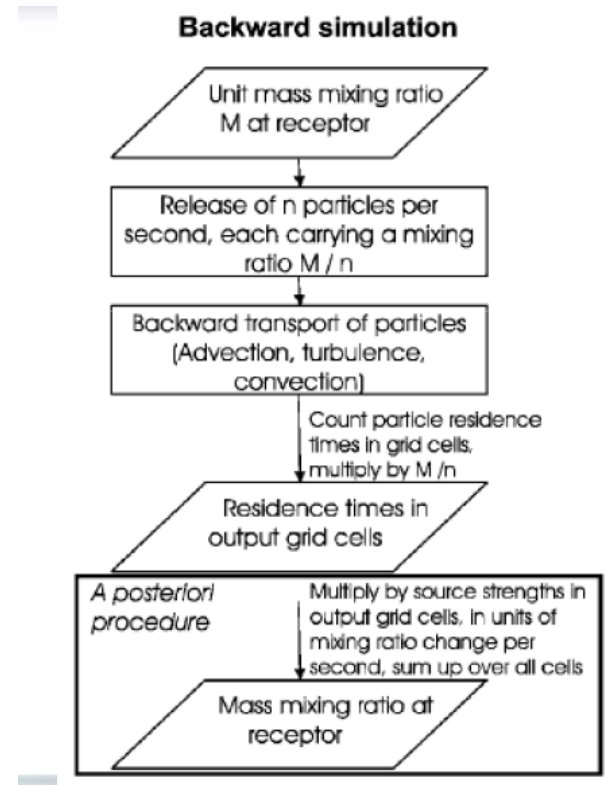
Budapest Secondary aerosol PSCF Analysis – 5 days backward run – up to 3000 m

4th Emission overlapping



Natural logarithm of SO₂ Emissions (kt/year) for 2015 from ECLIPSE DATABASE (<http://eclipse.nilu.no/>, forecast). Anthropogenic sources are included, excluding shipping and aviation.

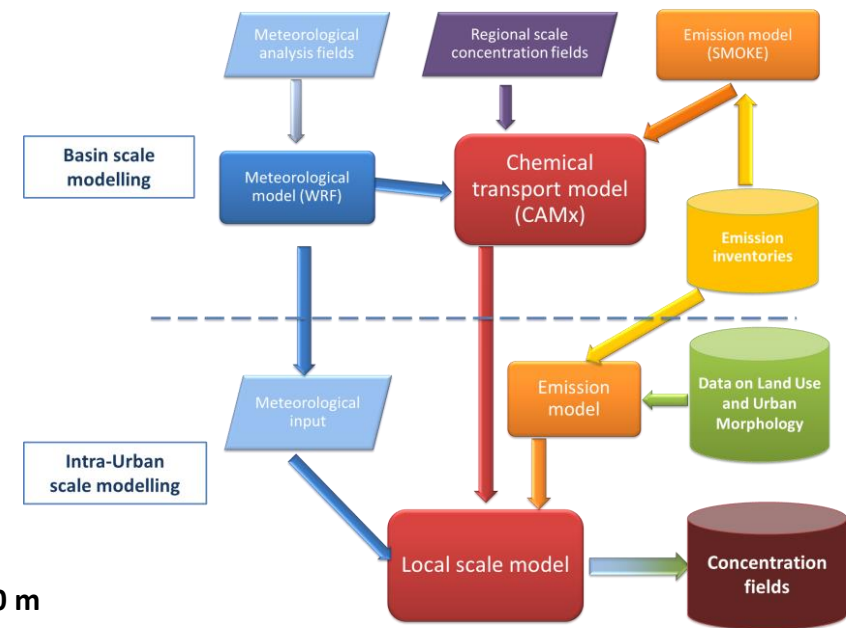
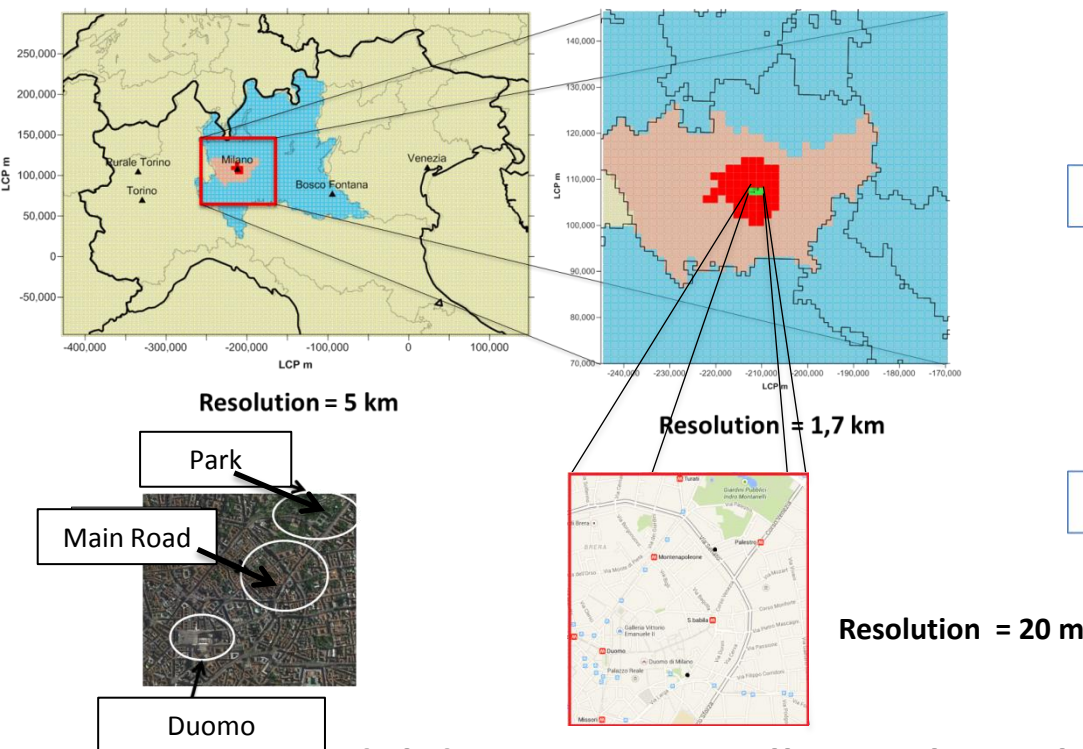
2nd Lagrangian model



Spatial source apportionment with.... *Source Oriented Models*

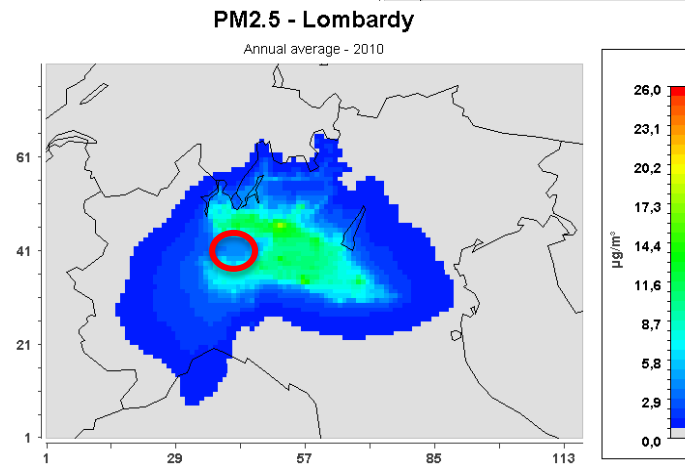
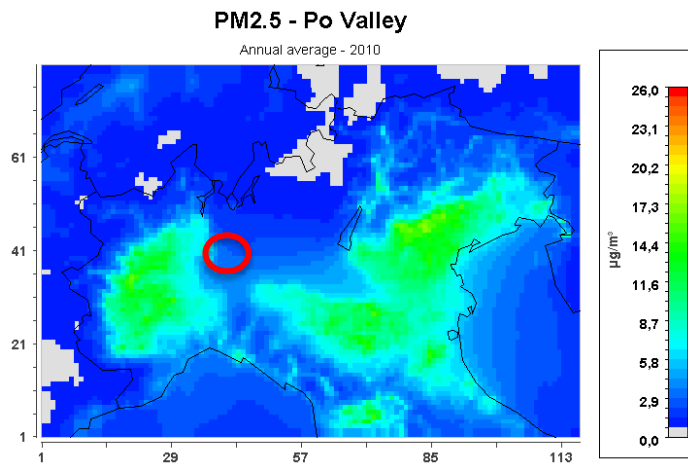
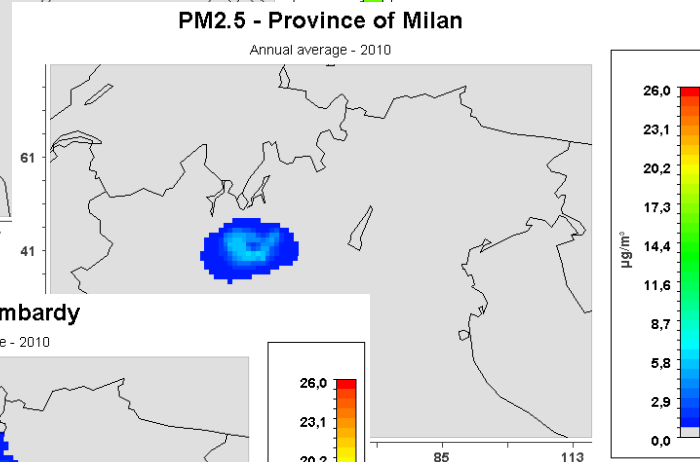
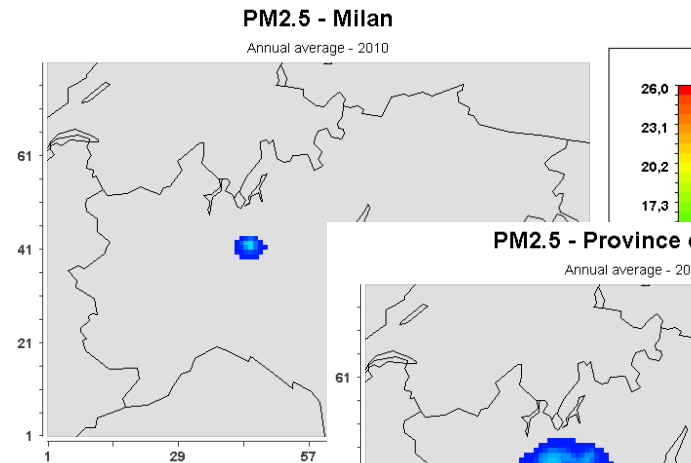
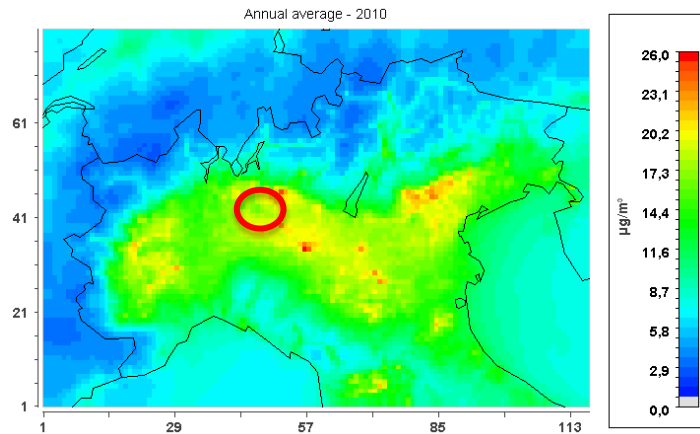
A case study for the Milan urban area

Nicola Pepe, Guido Pirovano, Alessandra Balzarini, Maurizio Riva, Anna Toppetti



Model domain – Po Valley, Milan urban area, Milan city centre
(following Lenschow definitions, but not Lenschow approach)

Spatial source apportionment with... *Source Oriented Models*

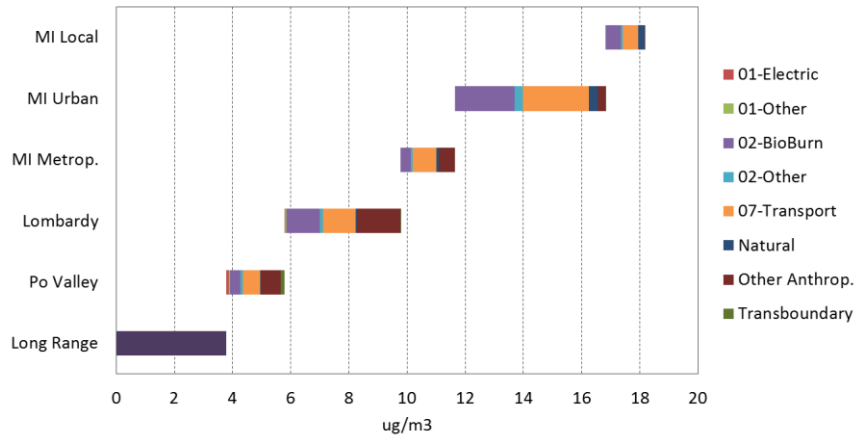


PM_{2.5} yearly mean – Source regions contribution – Grid analysis

Spatial source apportionment with.... *Source Oriented Models*

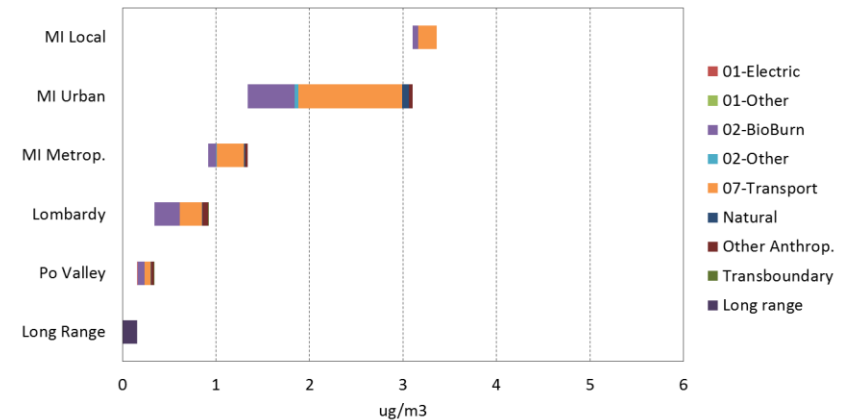
Mesoscale modelling

PM2.5 - Duomo (CAMx)

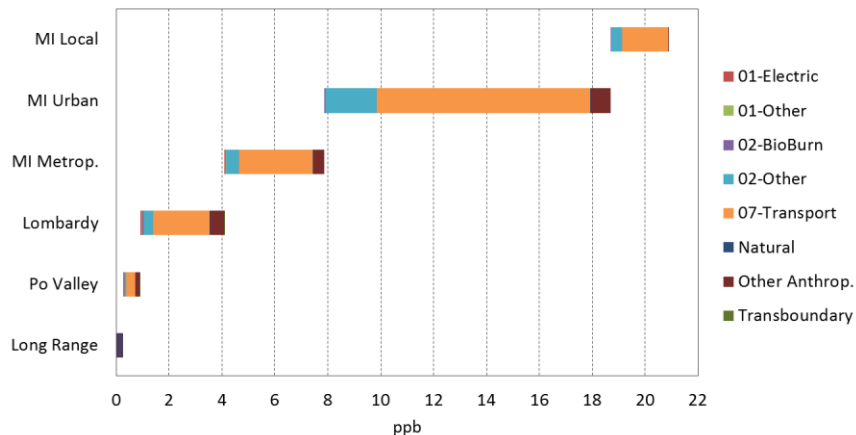


Meso + Local scale modelling

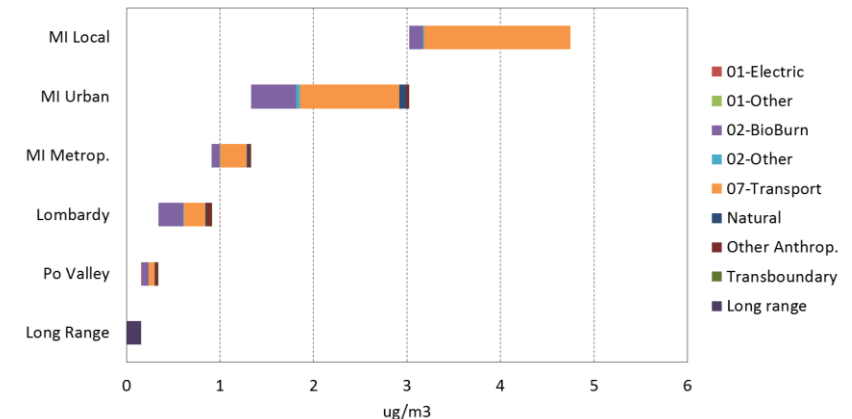
EC - Parco (CAMx-HMS)



NO2 - Duomo (CAMx)



EC - Traffico (CAMx-HMS)



Yearly mean – Source regions/categories contribution – Receptor analysis



1) Do we need Spatial Source Apportionment (SSA)?

2) To do what?

- To investigate the role of *source regions* and not only *source categories*?
- To support planning (with clear recommendations)?
- To support e-reporting?

3) Can we identify any “best practice” to perform SSA?

- What are limits and strengths of RMs and SMs?
- Can we compare/combine them?
- What about validation of SSA results?

4) Do we need an intercomparison exercise for SSA methods?

- Goals? (comparing different models/methods, testing Lenschow approach,..)
- How to design it? (Area and period of study, observations, input dataset,...)
- Which kind of models? (RMs, CTMs, LSMs,...)
- Time scheduling?
- *Volunteers...?*

5) If there is a Spatial Source Apportionment... will there be also a Spatial Source Allocation?