

CEMAP QC
on compliance to the standards for Fairmode
Composite Emissions Mapping

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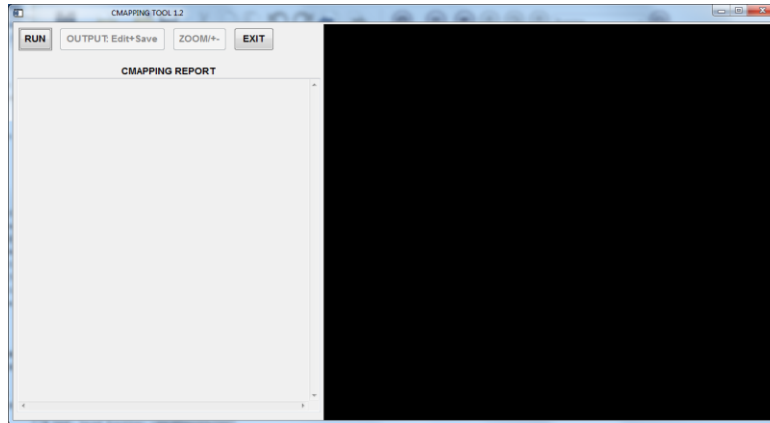
Setup of the Tool:

- Install the Tool somewhere on your computer in a folder called 'CEMapping'. This folder will be recognized by the Tool as the CEMAP Home directory.
- The folder structure of the Tool in CEMapping:
 - CEMAPinput: Contains some executables and input data to the Tool. Do not modify anything here.
 - UserInput: User input files should be put here. This can be a *.asc file or a file of type *.tif. Examples of asc files and tif files are given in Examples_ASC and Examples_TIF.
 - Conversion: Based on the input file (*.asc, or *.tif) the Tool generates the coordinates of the domain in the EPSG coordinate system given in the name of the input file (see below). The Tool will convert these coordinates to the EPSG4326 coordinate system (longitude, latitude). The coordinates in both systems are temporarily saved in this folder for inspection.
 - UserOutput: This folder contains a log file of all the checks performed in the execution of the Tool. This log is also reported in the left-hand panel of the window. The final map is saved as PICT_CEMAP_*.tif in the UserOutput folder.
 - Help: This document.

CEMapping	=>	CEMAPinput
		UserInput
		Conversion
		UserOutput
		Help

Run the Tool

Launch the Tool with a double click on the icon. This opens the following window:



Click on the 'RUN' button and follow the instructions and comments.

- The 'OUTPUT Edit+Save' button will edit the output log file, which can be saved then with a different name. The default output file 'OutPut.txt' will be overwritten on a new RUN of the Tool.
- The 'ZOOM!+-' button is a toggle button to zoom out (to the country scale) and to zoom in (to the original domain). This option may be useful to check that small domains are geographically on the right place (ie in the country given by the country code in the name of the input file).
- The CEMAPPING REPORT (left panel of the window) will be cleared on a next 'RUN' of the Tool.

Structure of input file

- File name: Input file to be placed in the UserInput folder.

The filename structure is as follows:

CEMAP_InvName_CountryCode_Pollutant_Sector_EPSGxxx_info.extension

with

- FileName always start with 'CEMAP'
- *InvName*: Name/Code of the emission inventory used
- *CountryCode*: The emission map belongs to the country indicated by the Country Code (see list below)
- *Pollutant*: The pollutant (accepted: CO, NH₃, NMVOC, NO_x, PM10, PM2.5, SO₂, CH₄ with units [Ton/km²/year])
- *Sector*: SNAP activity sector (accepted: S1, S2, ..., S10)
- *EPSGxxx*: 'EPSG' followed by the epsg code of the Coordinate System (CS). See complete list of epsg codes in the file '...\CEMapping\CEMAPinput\epsg'.
- *Info*: Any supplementary information the user would like to add to the file name (for instance, model version, reference year, ...)

- *ASC (asc)*: For ESRI ASCII format
- *TIF, TIFF (tif, tiff)*: For tif format

Examples:

- CEMAP_MACC1_ESP_NO2_S3_EPSG4326_annual_mean_2012.asc
- CEMAP_MACC3_PRT_NO2_S7_EPSG3763_info.asc
- CEMAP_EC4MACS_SVK_PM10_S4_EPSG2065_2011.asc
- CEMAP_myInventory_BEL_PM10_S7_EPSG3447_2012_raster.asc
- CEMAP_JRCinv_GBR_NO2_S1_EPSG4258_info.tif
- CEMAP_anyName_BEL_PM10_S10_EPSG3447_2012.tif

ASC type input files

- These files have the following contents:

- Example 1

[illegible]

- Example 2

[illegible]

Home_Directory: C:\CEMapping\

Tue Jan 24 11:44:05 2017

Please select an ASC or GeoTIFF file...

FILE: CEMAP_MACC3_ESP_PM10_S7_EPSG4326_annual-mean-2012.asc

FOLDER: C:\CEMapping\UserInput\Examples_ASC

FILE_TYPE: ASC

invNAME: MACC3

COUNTRY: SPAIN ESP

POLLUTANT: PM10

SECTOR: S7

EPSG: EPSG4326

EPSG info: # WGS 84: <4326> +proj=longlat +datum=WGS84 +no_defs <>

NCOLS: 161

NROWS: 90

DIMENSIONS: 161 90

CELLSIZE: 0.099887640449438 0.099887640449438

NODATA_value: -9999

All Values >= 0. or equal to -9999 => ok

Domain (EPSG4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpInputCoord.dat

LL_CORNER: Lon=-10.5499 Lat=35.4501 in EPSG4326

Start cs2cs

Done cs2cs

Domain (EPSG4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpOutputCoord.dat

LL_CORNER: Lon=-10.5499 Lat=35.4501 in EPSG4326

POLLUTANT: Min Max Mean = 10.2240 36.5906 16.0481

Is this within the expected range ?? Yes

Map Bounds: UL= [-10.5499,44.3901] UR= [5.48200,44.3901]

LL= [-10.5499,35.4501] LR= [5.48200,35.4501]

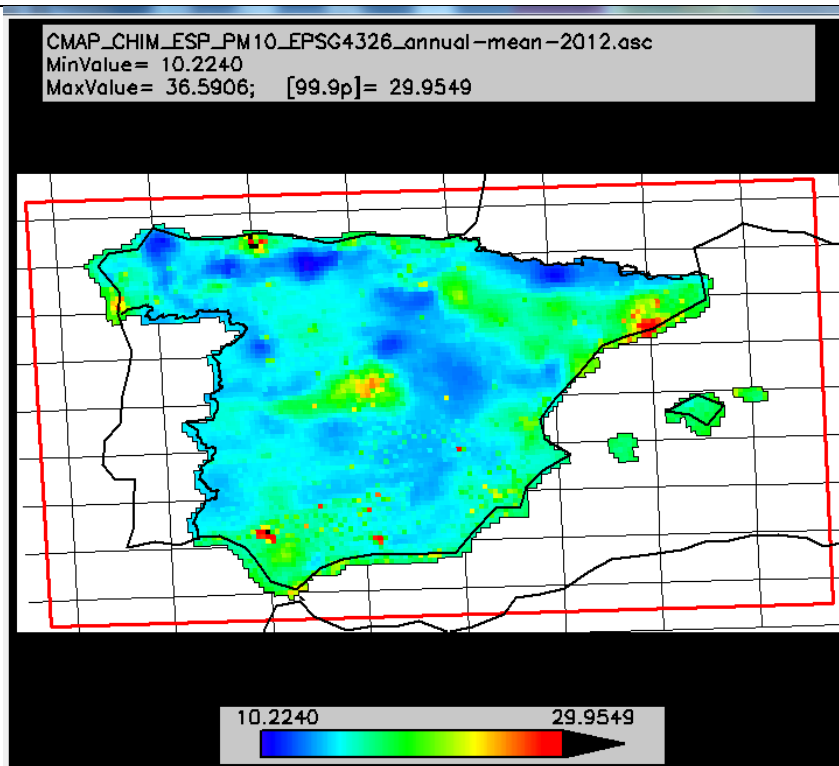
Country Bounds: UL= [-11.0000, 45.0000] UR= [6.00000, 45.0000]

LL= [-11.0000, 34.0000] LR= [6.00000, 34.0000]

The map is saved as ... C:\CEMapping\UserOutput\PICT_CEMAP_1.tif

QUESTION !!, , IS THIS OK ??

YES ... Input Data => OK !!



Example 2

```
Home_Directory: C:\CEMapping\
Tue Jan 24 11:48:00 2017
*****

Please select an ASC or GeoTIFF file...
FILE:      CMAP_MyInventory_DNK_PM10_S4_EPSG4326_info.asc
FOLDER:    C:\CEMapping\UserInput\Examples_ASC
FILE_TYPE:  ASC
InvNAME:    MyInventory
COUNTRY:    DENMARK DNK
POLLUTANT:  PM10
SECTOR:     S4
EPSG:       EPSG4326
EPSG info:  # WGS 84: <4326> +proj=longlat +datum=WGS84 +no_defs <>
NCOLS:      180
NROWS:      80
DIMENSIONS: 180      80
CELLSIZE:   0.050    0.050
NODATA_value: -999.99
All Values >= 0. or equal to -999.990 => ok
Domain (EPSG4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpInputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:  Lon=7.02500      Lat=54.0250      in EPSG4326
Start cs2cs
Done cs2cs
```

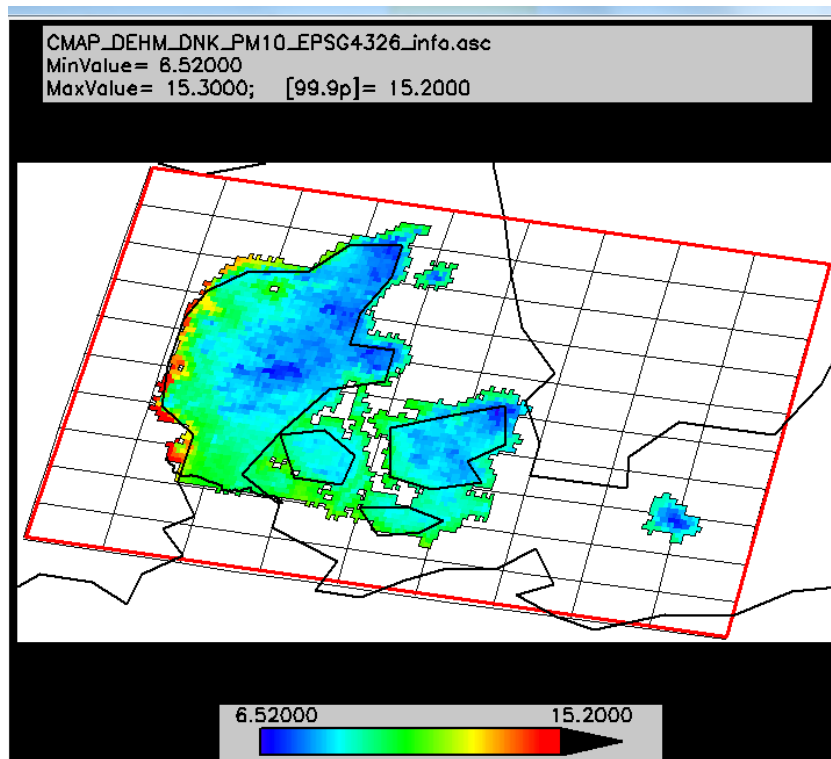
```

Domain (EPSG4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpOutputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:      Lon=7.02500      Lat=54.0250      in EPSG4326
POLLUTANT:      Min Max Mean = 6.52000      15.3000      9.24286
Is this within the expected range ?? Yes
Map Bounds:      UL= [7.02500,58.0000]      UR= [16.0000,58.0000]
                  LL= [7.02500,54.0250]      LR= [16.0000,54.0250]
Country Bounds:  UL= [7.00000, 58.0000]      UR= [16.5000, 58.0000]
                  LL= [7.00000, 54.0000]      LR= [16.5000, 54.0000]
The map is saved as ... C:\CEMapping\UserOutput\PICT_CEMAP_2.tif

```

QUESTION !!, , IS THIS OK ??

YES ... Input Data => OK !!



Example 3

```

Home_Directory: C:\CEMapping\
Tue Jan 24 11:50:07 2017

```

Please select an ASC or GeoTIFF file...

```

FILE:      CMAP_EC4MACS_ITA_PM10_S7_EPSG32632_mean.asc
FOLDER:    C:\CEMapping\UserInput\Examples_ASC
FILE_TYPE: ASC
invNAME:   EC4MACS
COUNTRY:   ITALY ITA
POLLUTANT: PM10
SECTOR:    S7

```

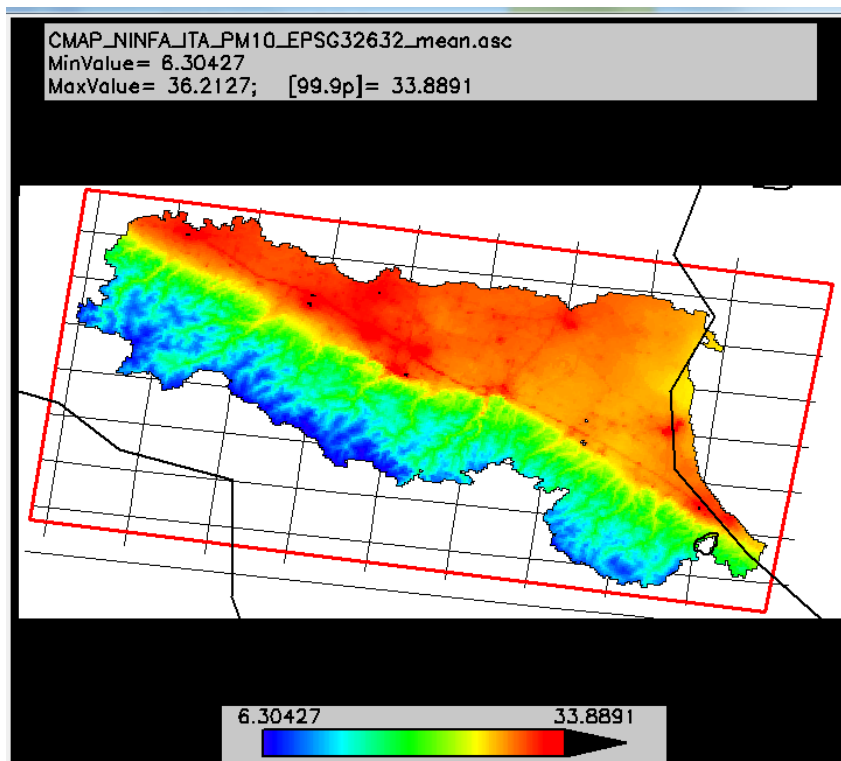
```

EPSG:          EPSG32632
EPSG info:     # WGS 84 / UTM zone 32N: <32632> +proj=utm +zone=32 +datum=WGS84 +units=m +no_defs
NCOLS:         297
NROWS:         161
DIMENSIONS:    297      161
CELLSIZE:      1000     1000
NODATA_value:  -9999
All Values >= 0. or equal to -9999 => ok
Domain (EPSG32632) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpInputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:     Lon=509500.      Lat=4.84250e+006      in EPSG32632
Start cs2cs
Done cs2cs
Domain (EPSG4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpOutputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:     Lon=9.11800      Lat=43.7355      in EPSG4326
POLLUTANT:     Min Max Mean =  6.30427    36.2127    22.9524
Is this within the expected range ?? Yes
Map Bounds:    UL= [9.12090,45.1804]      UR= [12.8902,45.1142]
               LL= [9.11800,43.7355]      LR= [12.7957,43.6725]
Country Bounds: UL= [2.66109, 47.2000]      UR= [20.4474, 47.2000]
               LL= [2.66109, 36.4000]      LR= [20.4474, 36.4000]
The map is saved as ... C:\CEMapping\UserOutput\PICT_CEMAP_3.tif

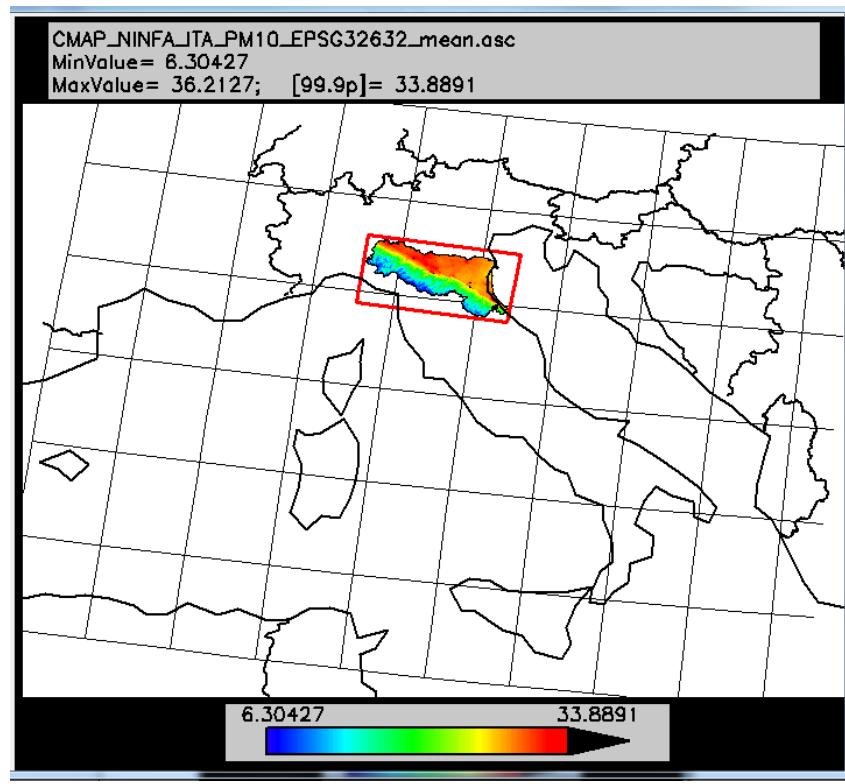
```

QUESTION !!, , IS THIS OK ??

YES ... Input Data => OK !!



A zoom-out to see the geographical (country) context of the domain.



TIF/TIFF type input files

- Check on the existence of the *.tif file.
- 'tiff_info' and geotiff_info information regarding the tif file can be extracted. Based on this info the following checks will be performed:
- The number of tif channels must be equal to 1. If the value is equal to 3 then data is stored as colour band. Data must be stored in the grey band as actual values.
- Check on the array dimensions of the map (similar to NCOLS and NROWS above)
- Check on the number of images, must be 1. Only one pollutant per file is allowed
- Check on the orientation of the map (top, bottom, left, right), this is used to make the correct plot of the map, and not up-side down.
- Determine the position of the origin of the domain in the EPSG CS. Read from the tfw file. In tfw terms, the origin is the centre of the upper-left cell of the domain.
- Resolution in X and Y direction (similar to CELLSIZE above). Read from the tfw file.
- Using the GDAL cs2cs application (spawn command in IDL) the user EPSGxxx CS is converted in EPSG4326, which is the standard WGS84 CS.
- Min, Max, and Mean values of the pollutant are calculated. Are they in the expected range?
- Bounds of the map are calculated. Do they fall within the bounds of the Country?

- Finally, a map is produced, and the user has to decide about the correctness of the results.

The following REPORT is produced summarizing the checks and the calculated quantities

Example 1

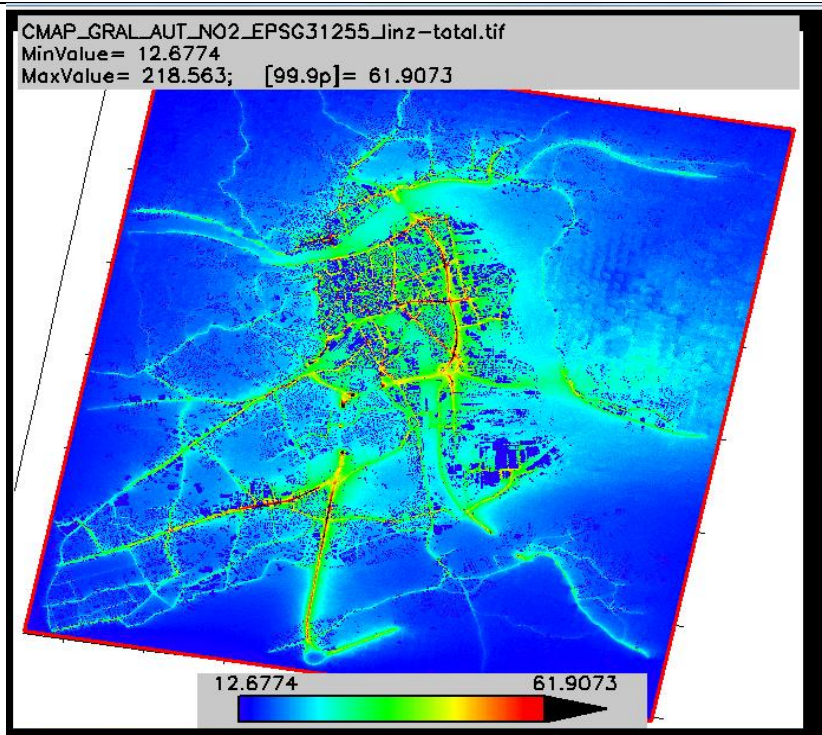
```

Home_Directory: C:\CEMapping\
Tue Jan 24 11:53:23 2017
*****

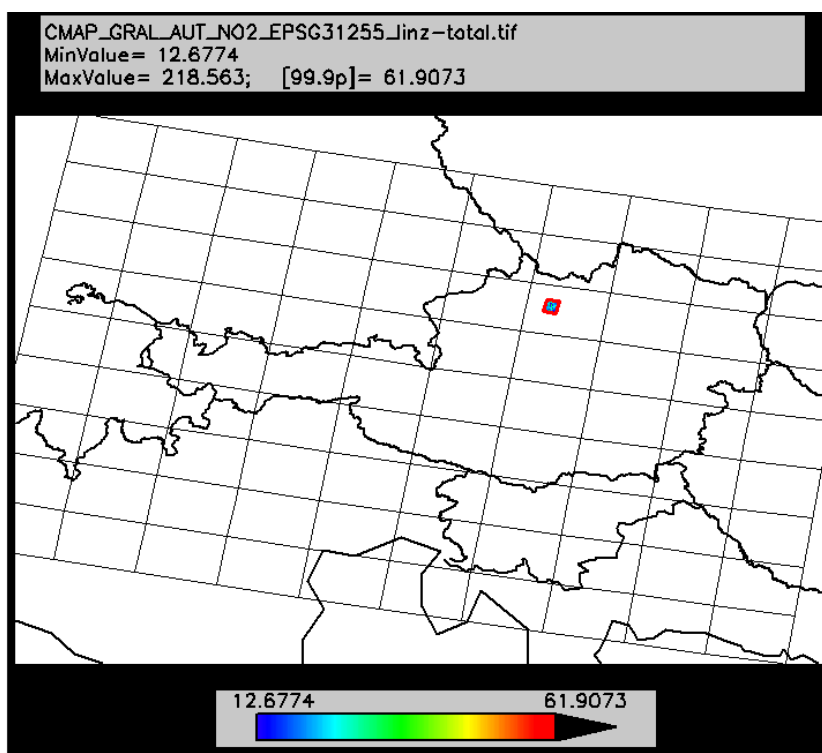
Please select an ASC or GeoTIFF file...
FILE:          CEMAP_InvName_AUT_NO2_S8_EPSG31255_linz-total.tif
FOLDER:        C:\CEMapping\UserInput\Examples_TIF
FILE_TYPE:     TIF
invNAME:       InvName
COUNTRY:       AUSTRIA  AUT
POLLUTANT:     NO2
SECTOR:        S8
EPSG:          EPSG31255
EPSG info:     # MGI / Austria GK Central: <31255> +proj=tmerc +lat_0=0 +lon_0=13.333333333333333 +k=1
5000000 +datum=h
CHANNELS:      1
DIMENSIONS:    1165      1416      (Warning: More than 5M gridcells !!)
NUM_IMAGES:    1
ORIENTATION:   1
UL-ORIGIN cell centre (tfw) in EPSG31255:      66675.0   357035.
RESOLUTION:    10.0000   -10.0000
Wait ...      100% done
Domain (EPSG31255) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpInputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:     Lon=66670.0      Lat=342880.      in EPSG31255
Start cs2cs
Wait ... cs2cs
Done cs2cs
Wait ...      100% done
Domain (epsg4326) cell corners saved in Conversion\tmpOutputCoord.dat
LL_CORNER:     Lon=14.2298      Lat=48.2207      in EPSG4326
POLLUTANT:     Min Max Mean = 12.6774   218.563   20.6904
Is this within the expected range ?? Yes
Map Bounds:    UL= [14.2320,48.3480]      UR= [14.3891,48.3467]
               LL= [14.2298,48.2207]      LR= [14.3865,48.2194]
Country Bounds: UL= [8.63474, 49.5000]      UR= [17.4327, 49.5000]
               LL= [8.63474, 45.0000]      LR= [17.4327, 45.0000]
Wait ...      100% done
The map is saved as ... C:\CEMapping\UserOutput\PICT_CEMAP_4.tif

QUESTION !!, , IS THIS OK ??
YES ... Input Data => OK !!
*****

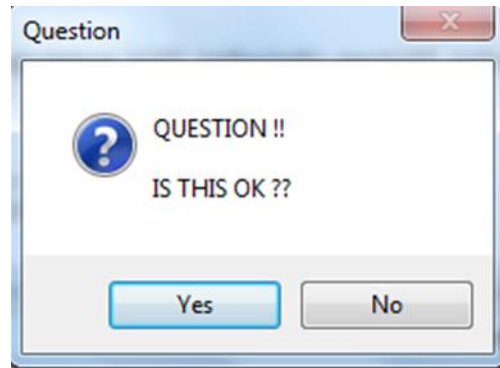
```



A zoom-out to see the geographical (country) context of the domain.

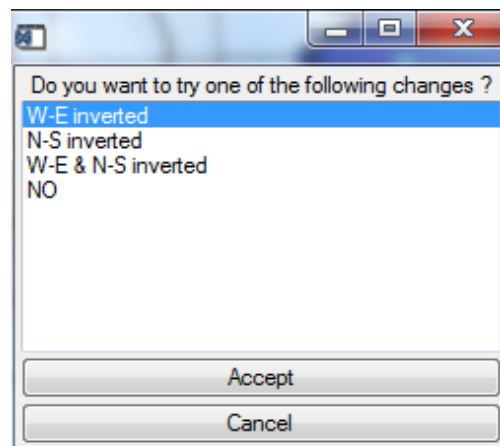


Finally, there is the key question:



If **Yes**, then submit to the Fairmode CEMAP database

If **No**, which practically means that the final map is not correct, then the following window will open to try to invert West-East, North-South, or both.



List of Countries:

CountryName	CountryCode
ALBANIA	ALB
AUSTRIA	AUT
BELGIUM	BEL
BOSNIA_HERZ	BIH
BULGARIA	BGR
CROATIA	HRV
CYPRUS	CYP
CZECH_REPUBLIC	CZE
DENMARK	DNK
ESTONIA	EST
FINLAND	FIN
FRANCE	FRA
GERMANY	DEU
GREECE	GRC
GREENLAND	GRL
HUNGARY	HUN
ICELAND	ISL
IRELAND	IRL
ITALY	ITA
LATVIA	LVA
LIECHTENSTEIN	LIE
LITHUANIA	LTU
LUXEMBOURG	LUX
MACEDONIA	MKD
MALTA	MLT
MOLDOVA	MDA
MONTENEGRO	MON
NETHERLANDS	NLD
NORWAY	NOR
POLAND	POL
PORTUGAL	PRT
ROMANIA	ROM
SERBIA	SBR
SLOVAKIA	SVK
SLOVENIA	SVN
SPAIN	ESP
SWEDEN	SWE
SWITZERLAND	CHE
UNITED_KINGDOM	GBR

List of Countries bounds (lon, lat):

Country Code	Bounds [LONmin, LONmax, LATmin,LATmax]
AUT	[8.63474,17.4327,45.9,49.5]
BGR	[22.0,28.8,40.9,44.5]
DNK	[7.3,13.2,54.1,57.8]
FRA	[-6.7,9.65,41.3,51.4]
DEU	[2.14989,16.9794,47.0,55.2172]
GRC	[19.5,27.0,36.2,41.8]
HUN	[15.7,23.4,45.1889,49.8344]
ITA	[2.66109,20.4474,36.4,47.2]
BEL	[2.5,6.4,49.4,51.6]
NLD	[2.,8.,50.7,53.7]
LUX	[5.,49.4,50.2]
ROM	[19.6,30.0,43.5,48.5]
ESP	[-11.,6.,34.,45.]
PRT	[-12.,-4.,36.75,42.4]
SWE	[3.7,24.2,54.0,70.0]
NOR	[3.7,24.2,54.0,70.0]
CHE	[5.8,10.6,45.5,48.0]
GBR	[-13.65,7.3,49.8,59.3]
IRL	[-13.,-4.,51.25,55.6]
POL	[12.2,25.8,49.,55.]
CZE	[12.,19.,48.5,51.2]
SVK	[16.6,22.8,47.7,49.6]
ALB	[19.,22.,39.,43.]
BIH	[15.,20.,42.,46.]
HRV	[13.,20.,42.,47.]
CYP	[32.,35.,34.5,36.]
EST	[21.,29.,57.,60.]
FIN	[22.,32.,55.5,70.]
GRL	[-80.,-50.,60.,87.]
ISL	[-24.,-14.,63.,67.]
LVA	[21.,29.,55.,59.]
LIE	[9.,10.,47.,47.5]
LTU	[21.,27.,53.,57]
MKD	[20.,23.,40.,43.]
MLT	[14.,14.7,35.,36.5]
MDA	[26.,31.,45.,49.]
SBR	[18.,21.,41.,44.]
SVN	[13.,17.,45.5,47.]

List of checks:

- Has the input file the standard name?:
CMAP_InventoryName_CountryCode_Pollutant_Sector_EPSGxxx_info.extension
- Is the extension of ASC or TIF type?
- Does the CountryCode exists in the Cntrcodes.dat file? – see CEMAPinput folder?
- Check on pollutants: CO_x, NH₃, NMVOC, NO_x, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, CH₄?
- Check on EPSG code: format 'EPSG' followed by a integer number?
- Is the EPSG code recognized as a registered Coordinate Reference system? – see the epsg file in the CEMAPinput folder

For ASC type input files:

- Is the 1st line equal to 'NCOLS' followed by a space and an integer number?
- Is the 2nd line equal to 'NROWS' followed by a space and an integer number?
- Is the 3rd line equal to 'XXLCORNER' or 'XXLCENTER' followed by a space and a real number?
- Is the 4th line equal to 'YYLCORNER' or 'YYLCENTER' followed by a space and a real number?
- Is the 5th line equal to 'CELLSIZE' followed by a space and one or two real numbers?
- Is the 6th line equal to 'NODATA_VALUE' followed by a space and a real/integer number?
- If a decimal comma is detected, Tool can replace it into a decimal dot.
- Does the rest of the input file contain NROWS lines with NCOLS numbers?
- Are there NROWS rows with each NCOLS elements; Decimal comma's can be replaced by decimal dots.
- Are all the number ≥ 0 , or equal to NODATA_VALUE?
- Coordinates of the cell corners in input EPSG coordinate system are saved – see Conversion folder.
- They are transformed to EPSG4326 system, and saved – see Conversion folder.
- A few simple tests to check if the domain is not empty – ie looks it topologically like a square?
- Is the centre of the domain (in EPSG4326) positioned inside Europe?
- See Make Map.

For TIF type input files:

- Is the number of CHANNELS in the input file equal to 1?
- Does the DIMENSIONS variable of the tif file have two integer numbers?
- Is the NUM_IMAGES variable of the tif file equal to 1?
- Is there an ORIENTATION variable equal to 1,2,3 or 4?
- Does the geotiff_info (i.e. modelpixelscaletag, and modeltiepointtag) exist in the tif file.
- Is the X-resolution (extracted from geotiff_info) a positive real/integer number?
- Is the Y-resolution (extracted from geotiff_info) a positive real/integer number?

- Is the X-origin (extracted from geotiff_info) a real/integer number?
- Is the Y-origin (extracted from geotiff_info) a real/integer number?
(XY origin is the UL corner, X-resolution is positive, Y-resolution is positive but downward)
- Coordinates of the cell corners in input EPSG coordinate system are saved – see Conversion folder.
- They are transformed to EPSG4326 system, and saved – see Conversion folder.
- A few simple tests to check if the domain is not empty – ie looks it topologically like a square?
- Is the centre of the domain (in EPSG4326) positioned inside Europe?
- See Make Map.

Make Map:

- Min, Max, and Mean values of the pollutant are calculated.
- Question: Is this in the expected range?
- Coordinates of the four corners of the domain are shown.
- Coordinates of the Country (as a square) are shown.
- Question: Is this correct?
- Is the centre of the domain positioned in the Country?
- A map of the pollutant is shown with colour bar ranging from Min (pollutant) to the 99.9percentile value of the pollutant.
- Question: Is this map ok?
- If the domain is small, a ZOOM option can be chosen to visualize the map inside the whole Country.

Final Question: Is your dataset ready to be submitted to the CEMapping database.